

Serial No: 09/474,031

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CLAIMS

1 1. (Previously presented) A method that restores communication in a mesh
2 network between a first end node and a second end node, comprising:

3 transmitting a communication signal over a first communication path
4 comprising the first end node, the second end node and one or more first intermediate
5 nodes;

6 detecting an error condition at at least one of the first end node and the second
7 end node; and

8 rerouting the communication signal over a second communication path based on
9 the detected error condition in order to restore communication, the second path having
10 been determined before the error condition is detected and the second path including the
11 first end node, the second end node, and one or more second intermediate nodes,
12 wherein the second intermediate nodes are disjoint from the one or more first
13 intermediate nodes;

14 the second path further including one or more transmission lines each
15 having a plurality of channels, at least one said channel being assigned, after the error
16 condition is detected, to carry the communication signal. *Novelty*

2. Canceled.

1 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising
2 sending one or more back-off commands to release at least one channel that had been
3 assigned, after the error condition had been detected, to carry the communication signal.

1 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the first and
2 second end nodes coordinate rerouting the communication signal over the second path.

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1 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mesh network is an
2 optical mesh network.

6. Canceled.

1 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of
2 rerouting the communication signal includes
3 issuing commands, after the error condition is detected, in a direction from the
4 ~~first end node to~~ at least one of the ~~second~~ intermediate nodes to bi-directionally assign
5 channels in at least one of said transmission lines, and
6 issuing commands, after the error condition is detected, in a direction from the
7 ~~second end node to~~ at least one of the ~~second~~ intermediate nodes to bi-directionally
8 assign channels in at least one of said transmission lines.

1 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of
2 rerouting the communication signal includes:
3 responding to a failure indication sent from the first end node to the second end
4 node by issuing commands from the second end node to the one or more second
5 intermediate nodes to bi-directionally assign channels along the second path.

1 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of
2 rerouting the communication signal includes issuing commands from the first end node
3 to the one or more second intermediate nodes to unidirectionally assign channels along
4 the second path in a first direction.

1 10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of
2 rerouting the communication signal further includes issuing commands from the second
3 end node to the one or more second intermediate nodes to unidirectionally assign
4 channels along the second path in a second direction.

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1 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mesh network is a
2 synchronous optical network (SONET) defined by the ANSI T1.105.

1 12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein channels are
2 assigned to carry the communication signal over the second path using a contention
3 technique.

1 13. (Previously presented) A mesh network having a first end node and a
2 second end node, comprising:

3 a first communication path that transmits a communication signal, the first
4 communication path including the first end node, the second end node and one or more
5 first intermediate nodes;

6 an error detecting device in at least one of the first end node and the second end
7 node; and

8 a predetermined second communication path that is determined before the error
9 detecting device detects an error condition and that transmits the communication signal
10 after the error detecting device detects the error condition, the predetermined second
11 path comprising the first end node, the second end node, and one or more second
12 intermediate nodes, wherein the second intermediate nodes are disjoint from the one or
13 more first intermediate nodes;

14 the second path further including one or more transmission lines each having a
15 plurality of channels, and at least one said channel being assigned, after the error
16 condition is detected, to carry the communication signal.

14. Canceled.

1 15. (Previously presented) The mesh network of claim 13, wherein the
2 communication signal is rerouted from the first path to the second path based on an
3 error condition detected by the error detecting device.

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1 16. (Previously presented) The mesh network of claim 13, wherein the
2 communication signal is rerouted from the first path to the second path based on a
3 communication of the second end node.

1 17. (Previously presented) The mesh network of claim 13, wherein the first
2 end node responds to an error condition by issuing commands to the one or more
3 second intermediate nodes to unidirectionally assign channels along the second path in a
4 first direction.

1 18. (Previously presented) The mesh network of claim 17, wherein the
2 second end node responds to the error condition by issuing commands to the one or
3 more second intermediate nodes to unidirectionally assign channels along the second
4 path in a second direction.

1 19. (Previously presented) The mesh network of claim 13, wherein the mesh
2 network uses a synchronous optical network (SONET) defined by the ANSI T1.105.

1 20. (Previously presented) The mesh network of claim 13, wherein one or
2 more channels of at least one of said transmission lines are assigned to carry the
3 communication signal using a contention technique.

1 21. (Previously presented) A method for rerouting communications between
2 first and second nodes of a mesh network upon a failure in a first path between the first
3 and second nodes, the method comprising rerouting the communications over a second
4 path identified prior to said failure, the second path being node and span disjoint from
5 the first path and the communications in the second path being carried over at least one
6 assigned channel in at least one transmission line between at least one pair of nodes of
7 the second path, said rerouting including assigning said at least one channel after said
8 failure occurred.

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1 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21 wherein said assigning
2 further includes

3 assigning bi-directional channels in transmission lines of the second path in a
4 direction from the first node toward the second node and concurrently assigning bi-
5 directional channels in transmission lines of the second path in a direction from the
6 second node toward the first node.

1 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21 wherein the mesh
2 network is an optical network.

1 24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21 wherein the mesh
2 network is a synchronous optical network (SONET) defined by ANSI T1.105.

1 25. (Currently Amended) A method for use in a mesh network comprising
2 nodes interconnected by links, the method comprising:

3 establishing a first communication path from a first node to a second node, the
4 first communication path including one~~sat least two~~ of said links and at least one
5 intermediate node;

6 directing communications traffic from the first end node to the second end node
7 over the first path; and

8 responsive to a failure in the first path, rerouting the traffic to a second
9 communication path that had been identified prior to said failure, the second path
10 including one~~sat least two~~ of said links and at least one intermediate node, the second
11 path being node and span disjoint from the first path, and the traffic over the second
12 path being directed over at least one~~one assigned~~ channel within a multichannel link of the
13 second path that was assigned subsequent to said failure.

1 26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25 wherein said rerouting
2 includes

3 assigning bi-directional channels in links of the second path in a direction from
4 the first node toward the second node and concurrently assigning bi-directional

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5 channels in transmission lines of the second path in a direction from the second node
6 toward the first node.

1 27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25 wherein the mesh
2 network is a synchronous optical network (SONET) defined by ANSI T1.105.

1 28. (Currently Amended) A method for use in a mesh network comprising
2 nodes interconnected by transmission lines, at least ~~ones~~two of the transmission lines
3 being capable of carrying communication traffic in a plurality of channels, the method
4 comprising:

5 establishing a first communication path between a first node and a second node,
6 the first communication path including ~~ones~~at least two of the transmission lines and at
7 least one intermediate node;

8 directing communications traffic from the first end node to the second end node
9 over assigned channels of the transmission lines in the first path; and

10 responsive to a failure in the first path, rerouting the traffic over assigned
11 channels in the transmission lines of a second communication path between the first
12 node and the second node, the second communication path having been identified prior
13 to said failure, the second path having at least one intermediate node, the second path
14 having no intermediate nodes or transmission lines in common with the first path, and at
15 least one of the channels in the transmission lines of the second path being assigned
16 subsequent to said failure.

1 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 28 wherein said rerouting
2 includes

3 assigning bi-directional channels in transmission lines of the second path in a
4 direction from the first node toward the second node and concurrently assigning bi-
5 directional channels in transmission lines of the second path in a direction from the
6 second node toward the first node.

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1 30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 28 wherein the mesh
2 network is a synchronous optical network (SONET) defined by ANSI T1.105.

1 31. (Previously presented) A node for use as a first node in a mesh network
2 of a type in which communications signals between said first node and a second node of
3 said network over a first path through said network are rerouted over a second path
4 through said network upon a failure in said first path, said second path having been
5 identified prior to said failure, the second path being node and span disjoint from the
6 first path, said first node being arranged to initiate, after said failure in said first path, an
7 assignment of channels, within links connecting pairs of nodes in the second path, to
8 carry said communications signals.

1 32. (Previously presented) The invention of claim 31 wherein an
2 identification of said second path is stored in said first node.

1 33. (Previously presented) The node of claim 32 wherein said assignment
2 includes
3 assigning bi-directional channels in links of the second path in a direction from
4 said first node toward the second node irrespective of whether said second node has
5 initiated concurrent assignment of bi-directional channels in links of the second path in
6 a direction from the second node toward said first node.

1 34. (Previously presented) A method for use by a first node in a mesh
2 network of a type in which communications signals between said first node and a
3 second node of said network over a first path through said network are rerouted over a
4 second path through said network upon a failure in said first path, said second path
5 having been identified prior to said failure, the second path being node and span disjoint
6 from the first path, said method comprising initiating, after said failure in said first path,
7 the assignment of channels, within links connecting pairs of nodes in the second path, to
8 carry said communications signals.

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1 35. (Previously presented) The invention of claim 34 wherein an
2 identification of said second path is stored in said first node.

1 36. (Previously presented) The node of claim 35 wherein said assignment
2 includes

3 assigning bi-directional channels in links of the second path in a direction from
4 said first node toward the second node irrespective of whether said second node has
5 initiated concurrent assignment of bi-directional channels in links of the second path in
6 a direction from the second node toward said first node.

1 37. (Previously presented) A computer-readable medium on which are
2 stored instructions that, when executed by one or more nodes in a mesh network, carry
3 out a method for rerouting communications between first and second nodes of the
4 network upon a failure in a first path between the first and second nodes, the method
5 comprising rerouting the communications over a second path identified prior to said
6 failure, the second path being node and span disjoint from the first path and the
7 communications in the second path being carried over at least one assigned channel in
8 at least one transmission line between at least one pair of nodes of the second path, said
9 rerouting including assigning said at least one channel after said failure occurred.

1 38. (Previously presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 37
2 wherein said method carries out said rerouting by assigning bi-directional channels in
3 transmission lines of the second path in a direction from the first node toward the
4 second node and concurrently assigning bi-directional channels in transmission lines of
5 the second path in a direction from the second node toward the first node.